

Year 7							
TOPIC TITLE: Welcome Big question: How do I communicate basic information in French?		TOPIC TITLE: Personal ID Big question: How do I describe myself and my family?		TOPIC TITLE: Free Time Big question: What do I do in my free time?		TOPIC TITLE: Food and Drink Big question: What do I eat and drink in different situations?	
Topics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Greetings Phonic sounds/spellings Alphabet Numbers 0-31 Months Days of the week Age/birthday Pencil case items Classroom items Using a dictionary 	- Domains (Core knowledge and skills) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Phonics/ Pronunciation - Asking Questions - Gender of nouns - Indefinite article - Connectives (<i>et, aussi, mais</i>) - Present tense irregular verb full paradigm: <i>Avoir</i> - Present tense irregular verb full paradigm: <i>Être</i> - Regular pluralisation - Negative (<i>ne..pas</i>) - Present tense time marker (<i>aujourd'hui</i>) 	Topics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Countries Nationalities Family members Numbers 31-69 Animals Colours Physical descriptions Personality Family relationships Role models/heroes 	- Domains (Core knowledge and skills) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Definite article - Intensifiers (<i>très, assez</i>) - Er verbs full paradigm: <i>habiter</i> - Regular adjectival agreement - Possessive pronouns - Cognates and near cognates - Simple opinions (<i>j'adore, j'aime, je n'aime pas, je déteste</i>) - Justified opinions (<i>parce que/car</i>) - Connectives (<i>et, mais, aussi, avec</i>) - Conditional (<i>je voudrais</i>) - Present tense time marker (<i>aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment</i>) 	Topics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sports Free time activities Musical instruments Time Television Film Books and music Activities on phone/social media (apps) Inviting someone out Refusing invites Near future 	- Domains (Core knowledge and skills) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Present tense time marker (<i>normalement</i>) - Regular ER verbs present tense full paradigm - <i>jouer</i> - Irregular verb (<i>aller</i>) full paradigm - Irregular verb (<i>faire</i>) full paradigm - Activities on phone/social media (apps) - Inviting someone out - Refusing invites - Near future 	Topics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Food and drink Mealtimes Party planning/ description Ordering food in a café (snack food) Higher order numbers (1000) Quantities Buying food in a market Regional specialities 	Domains (Core knowledge and skills) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Connectives (<i>et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant</i>) - Partitive article (<i>du, de la, des</i>) - Superlatives - Money - Passé compose <i>avoir</i> - Conditional (<i>je voudrais</i>) - Transactional Language - Tu vs vous - Intensifier (<i>trop, un peu</i>) - Past tense time marker (<i>hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier</i>) - Future tense time marker (<i>ce soir, ce week-end, demain</i>)
	False Friends:		False friends:		False friends:		False friends:

	sac – bag monnaie – loose change		belle-mère – mother in law mince – thin petit ami – boyfriend petite amie – girlfriend sensible - sensitive		chaîne – TV channel		addition – bill casserole – pot/pan chariot – trolley chips – crisps prune – plum raisin – grape
Prior Domains:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any French from primary school 	Prior Domains:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Gender of nouns Pluralisation Avoir Être Using a dictionary Numbers 0-31 Connectives (et, aussi, mais) Negative Definite and indefinite article Idiomatic language: (ça me casse les pieds - it annoys me) Present tense time marker (aujourd'hui) 	Prior Domains:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Gender of nouns Pluralisation Numbers 0-69 Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec) Negative (ne...pas) Opinions Conditional (je voudrais) Intensifiers (très, assez) Definite and indefinite article Justified opinions (parce que/car) Present tense time marker (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement) 	Prior Domains:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Gender of nouns Pluralisation Negatives (ne...pas, ne..plus, ne...jamais) Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant) opinions and justification adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) Comparatives Numbers 0-69 Present tense time marker (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, en ce moment, normalement,) Near future (aller +INF) Conditional (je voudrais) Intensifiers (très, assez) Definite and indefinite article Justified opinions (parce que/car) Present tense time marker (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment) Future tense time marker (ce week-end, ce soir)

Year 8									
TOPIC TITLE: House and Home Life Big question: Where do I live?		TOPIC TITLE: Hometown Big question: How do I describe my region?		TOPIC TITLE: Travel and Environment Big question: How do I talk about travel and environment?		TOPIC TITLE: Clothes, shopping Big question: Where shall I go shopping and what shall I wear?		TOPIC TITLE: Holidays Big question: How do I discuss holidays?	
Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of house • Location of house • Describing house • Rooms • Furniture • Prepositions • Bedroom • Daily routine • Household chores • Activities (past) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Complex opinion phrases (à mon avis, selon moi) - Prepositions - Reflexive verbs - Sequencers - Opinions in past (c'était) - Connectives (puis, ensuite) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compass points • Describing town • Tourist information • Facilities in town • Day out • Ideal town • Directions • Weather • Plans (depending on weather) • Connectives (puis, ensuite, ou, où, après) • Present tense time marker (maintenant) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Perfect tense (je suis allé(e)) - Imperative - Ordinal numbers - 3rd person verbs - if clauses Interrogative adjectives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Methods of transport • Places in a train station • Buying tickets • Transport problems • Reporting an accident • Weather (imperfect) • Environmental problems in town • Natural disasters • Protecting the environment • Recycling • Present tense time marker (maintenant, actuellement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Preposition - en - Imperfect (weather set phrases) - Modal verbs - Passive (implicit) - Justified opinions (vu que) - Intensifier (vraiment) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Items of clothing - Describing clothes - Clothes for different occasions - Style - Shops - Sections of a department store - Shopping - Problems with items - Getting a refund - Pocket money 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Demonstrative articles - Irregular adjectival agreements 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of holidays • Usual holidays (where, who with, how long, transport) • Holiday activities (present) • Accommodation • Booking into a hotel • Booking into a campsite • Problems with accommodation • Lost property • Past holidays • Future holiday plans • Ordering in a restaurant • Complaining in a restaurant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Passé compose avoir and etre - Past tense time marker (l'année dernière, récemment) - Future tense time markers (l'année prochaine, le mois prochain)
False Friends cave - cellar herbe - grass pièce - room propre - own/clean sale - dirty		False friends joli - pretty large - wide		False friends doubler - to overtake essence - petrol pile - battery		False friends baskets - trainers rayon - shelf/dept		False friends carte - map location - hire rester - to stay	
Prior Domains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/pronunciation • Gender of nouns • Pluralisation • adjectival agreement • connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite) 	Prior Domains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/pronunciation • present tense -er • depuis • adjectival agreement • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/pronunciation • Connectives: (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite) • present tense -er • conditional • negatives • Transactional language • tu vs vous 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/pronunciation • present tense -er • conditional • negatives • Transactional language • tu vs vous 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/pronunciation • present tense • negatives • Prepositions • Gender of nouns • Adjectival agreement • Intensifiers 					

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • er present tense • gender of nouns • pluralisation of nouns • time • modal verbs • faire • Passé compose (avoir) • Adverbs of frequency adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Definite and indefinite article • Justified opinions (parce que/car) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) • comparatives • negatives • conditional • Asking questions • Perfect tense (avoir) • present tense aller • Justified opinions (parce que/car) • Prepositions • Near future • tu vs vous • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite) • Definite and indefinite article • Present tense time markers • Definite and indefinite article • Present tense time markers • Past tense time marker • Future tense time marker • Future tense time marker 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tu vs vous • Near future • Prepositions • present tense aller • Transactional language • Sequencers • Gender of nouns • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que) • Definite and indefinite article (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant, actuellement) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) • Near future • Prepositions • Gender of nouns • Adjectival agreement • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment) • Modal verbs • Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que) • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite) • Money • Numbers • Passé compose • Comparatives • Superlatives • Definite and indefinite article • Idiomatic language : (ça coûte les yeux de la tête - it costs an arm and a leg) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modal verbs • Justified opinions • Connectives • Money • Numbers • Countries • Transport • If clauses 'weather and activities' • Opinions in past ('était') • near future tense. • conditional tense (je voudrais) • Transactional language • Tu vs vous • Definite and indefinite article • Idiomatic language: (il pleut des cordes - it's raining cats and dogs) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, l'année dernière, récemment) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement)
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Year 9							
TOPIC TITLE: School and study		TOPIC TITLE: Work and future plans		TOPIC TITLE: Health and lifestyle		TOPIC TITLE: Festivals and celebrations	
Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> School subjects Timetable Teachers Describing school (buildings, facilities) Clubs Uniform School rules Pressures and problems at school School trip Successes at school Post-16 plans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Imperfect (avait) - Conditional (serait) - Modal verbs - Simple future full paradigm - Future time markers - Connectives (en revanche) - Past tense time marker (avant-hier) - Opinion phrases (je dirais que) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chores at home Part-time jobs Careers Future jobs Responsibilities at work Understanding a job advert Applying for a jobs Interviews Problems at work 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - devoir + INF - missing article (with jobs) - Future tense time marker (plus tard, bientôt) - Opinion phrases (d'après moi, je dirais que) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Body parts Illnesses Injuries Pharmacy Healthy diet Healthy lifestyle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - avoir mal à + definite article - il faut + inf - de + definite article - Connectives (en revanche, par contre) - Justified opinions (puisque) - Intensifiers (tellement, extrêmement) - Past tense time markers (avant-hier, il y a + time) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> food and drink meals and opinions places in the town free time activities daily routine clothes birthday presents a wedding national festivals in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quebec Guadeloupe Senegal Cannes Film Festival 14th July in France winning the lottery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conditional tense Reflexive verbs Adjectives and agreement Future tense Perfect tense (avoir/être - full paradigm) Irregular past participles (mis) Il faut + infinitive Il faut + definite article
	False friends: licence - degree note - mark stage - course		False friends: annonce - advert expérimenté - experienced patron - boss pressé - in a hurry		False friends: régime - diet		False friends: chance - luck
Prior Domains:				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Adjectival agreement Gender of nouns Pluralisation present tense -er conditional negatives Near future Prepositions Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment) Modal verbs Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Gender of nouns Pluralisation present tense Sequencers conditional Future tense Future time markers Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment) Modal verbs Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que) Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre) Passé compose Past time markers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/pronunciation Gender of nouns Pluralisation present tense Sequencers conditional Future tense Future time markers Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, tellement, extrêmement) Modal verbs Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque) Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre) Passé compose Past time markers Daily routine 	

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche) • (Time) Numbers • Passé compose • Past time markers • Comparatives • Superlatives • Definite and indefinite article • Idiomatic language: (c'est simple comme bonjour - it's as easy as pie/c'est du gâteau - it's a piece of cake!) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche) • (Time) Numbers • Passé compose • Past time markers • Formal language (tu vs vous) • Definite and indefinite article • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Formal language (tu vs vous) • Daily routine • Sporting activities • Depuis • Negatives • Definite and indefinite article • Partitive article • Idiomatic language : (jeter l'argent par les fenêtres - to waste money) • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Negatives • Definite and indefinite article • Partitive article • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement)
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Key Stage 4 Curriculum Overview

Year 10										
Autumn Term 1A		Autumn Term 1B		Spring Term 2A		Spring Term 2B		Summer Term 3A		Summer Term 3B
TOPIC TITLE: Theme 1: Who I am Big Question: Who am I?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 1: Leisure time Big Question: How do I spend my free time?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 1: Festivals Big Question: How do we celebrate special occasions?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 2: Home town Big Question: How do I give a detailed description of where I live?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 2: Holidays Big Question: How do I decide holidays and travelling?		TOPIC TITLE: Internal Examinations
Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Examinations from previous year across all 4 skills
Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Family members (revision)- describing people (revision)- Places in the town (revision)- activities in town- time- a good friend- family relationships- going out- a day out- role models- marriage and partnership	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adjectival agreement• The present tense: avoir and être• Definite and indefinite articles• Prepositions• The verb aller• The preposition à• Regular -er verbs (present)• Irregular adjectives• Reflexive verbs• Possessive adjectives• The near future tense• Asking questions• The perfect tense• The past tense• Using a combination of tenses	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">- leisure activities (revision)- films and cinema- sports- technology- uses of technologylife on line- reading habits- music tastes- TV programmes- a night out	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Using <i>jouer à</i> and <i>jouer de</i>• Using the correct article• The verb <i>vouloir</i>• Asking questions• The verb <i>faire</i>• <i>depuis</i> + present tense• <i>jouer à</i> + definite art• faire de (partitive article)- sports (revision)- music (revision)- technology (revision)- films and cinema (revision)- sports and hobbies (revision)- technology and life online- reading habits- TV programmes	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">- food and meal times- clothes (revision)- daily life at home- shopping for clothes- describing festivals and traditions- shopping for a special meal- discussing family celebrations	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Modal verbs <i>devoir</i> and <i>pouvoir</i>• demonstrative adjectives• Asking questions using <i>est-ce que ...?</i> and <i>qu'est-ce que ...?</i>• The present and near future tenses• The perfect and imperfect tenses	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">- local areathings to doplaces in the town (revision)directionsdescribing regionasking for items in tourist officeweatherplans with the weatheryour region	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>on peut + infinitive</i>• The imperative• Irregular adjectives• The superlative• Asking questions using <i>si</i> clauses• Negatives• Using the present tense and the imperfect tensetogetherDescribe house	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">- countries (revision)- accommodation (revision)- booking into a hotel- talking about travel- activities on holidays• <i>si</i> clauses• Negatives• Using the present tense and the pastordering food in a restaurant- holiday disasters	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Using the <i>nous</i> form and <i>notre/nos</i>• More on the comparative• Reflexive verbs (past tense)• Expressions with <i>avoir - avoir faim, avoir soif, avoir besoin de, avoir envie de</i>• Using the pronouns <i>y</i> and <i>en</i>• Using three time frames	
Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Family members (revision)- describing people (revision)- places in the town- activities in town- time- a good friend	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The conditional• Reflexive verbs in the perfect tense• <i>En + the present participle</i>• <i>Avant de + the infinitive</i>• Using demonstrative adjectives and pronouns• the pluperfect tense.	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">- leisure activities (revision)- films and cinema (revision)- sports and hobbies (revision)- technology and life online- reading habits- TV programmes	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">• comparatives• perfect tense.• Connectives (<i>donc, comme</i>)• Future tense time marker (<i>après demain</i>)• Opinion phrases (quant à moi)• The verb <i>faire</i>	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">- food and meals- shopping for clothes- daily life at home- shopping for a special meal- using polite language- discussing family celebrations- describing festivals	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Asking questions• The pronoun <i>en</i>• Forming questions in the <i>tu</i> and <i>vous</i> forms• <i>venir de + infinitive</i>	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">- local areatransportweatherdirectionsdescribing townregionactivities in townplans on the weather	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Opinion phrases (quant à moi)Opinion phrases (quant à moi)- transport- weather- directions- describing town- activities in town- plans on the weather	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">- accommodation (revision)- talking about holidays in 3 tenses- talking about ideal holidaybooking hotelsreviewing hotelsordering food in a restauranttalking about travellingbuying souvenirs	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The conditional• Reflexive verbs in the perfect tense• <i>En + the present participle</i>• <i>Avant de + the infinitive</i>• Using demonstrative adjectives and pronouns• the pluperfect tense.	

- family relationships - going out - describing a night out - my life when I was young - role models - marriage and partnership	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none">Irregular verbs in the present tenseThe relative pronoun <i>qui</i>Possessive adjectivesReflexive verbs in the present tenseEmphatic pronounsthe near future tensethe imperfect tensethe present tensepresent, perfect and imperfect together	- actors and films - opinions about the cinema	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><i>depuis + the present tense</i>The position of adjectivesComparative adjectivesThe relative pronoun <i>que</i> ('which')the imperfect tensedirect object pronounsthe superlativeConnectives (donc, comme)Opinion phrases (quant à moi)			- describing community projects	<ul style="list-style-type: none">and future tensesOpinion phrases (quant à moi, je dirais que)Justified opinions (étant donné que)	- talking about holiday problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Using <i>si</i> + imperfect tense + conditional
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Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Phonics/ PronunciationConnectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre)Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment, tellement, extrêmement)Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque)Asking Questionsadjectivesadjectival agreementprepositionsirregular verb allerreflexive verbspossessive adjectivesusing 3 time frames.Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Phonics/ PronunciationConnectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre)Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment, tellement, extrêmement)Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque)Asking Questionsadjectivesadjectival agreementprepositions<i>depuis + present tense</i>à + definite articlepartitive articlenegativesPast tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Phonics/ PronunciationConnectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme)Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment, tellement, extrêmement)Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque)Asking Questionsadjectivesadjectival agreementprepositionsdemonstrative adjectivespresent tensescontrasting past tenses (perfect/imperfect)	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Phonics/ PronunciationConnectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme)Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment, tellement, extrêmement)Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque)Asking Questionsadjectives (irregular)adjectival agreementprepositionsmodal verbsif clausesnegativescontrasting past tenses (perfect/imperfect)	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none">Phonics/ PronunciationConnectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme)Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu, vraiment, tellement, extrêmement)Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque/étant donné que)Asking Questionsadjectives (irregular)adjectival agreementprepositionscomparativesexpressions with 'avoir'using 3 time frames
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement)
<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque) Asking Questions adjectives adjectival agreement prepositions depuis + present tense à + definite article partitive article negatives direct object pronouns the superlative Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt) idiomatic phrases (avoir le cœur sur la main - to be generous) 	<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque) Asking Questions adjectives adjectival agreement prepositions depuis + present tense à + definite article partitive article negatives direct object pronouns the superlative Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque) Asking Questions adjectives adjectival agreement prepositions modal verbs prounoun - en venir de + infinitive Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque) Asking Questions adjectives adjectival agreement prepositions modal verbs the pronoun -en asking questions with quel 3 time frames Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions (parce que/car/vu que/puisque/étant donné que) Asking Questions adjectives (irregular) adjectival agreement prepositions en + present participle the pluperfect tense Demonstrative adjectives. using avant de + infinitive Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement)

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, parfois, de temps en temps, rarement) 		
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Autumn Term 1A		Autumn Term 1B		Spring Term 2A		Spring Term 2B	Summer Term 3A
• Due to time constraints and early exam dates – course needs to be finished Christmas to allow for							
TOPIC TITLE: Environment Big Question: How do we make the world a better place?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 3 School Big Question: How do I describe my school and studies?		TOPIC TITLE: Theme 3 Future work and study Big Question: What are my future plans?			
Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Topics	Domains (Core knowledge and skills)	Revision	Revision/external exams
Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - concerns and passions - weather (revision) - natural disasters - protecting the environment - ethical shopping - volunteering - discussing big events 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The simple future tense • modal verbs + inf • The passive • Emphatic pronouns • opinion phrases (<i>j'ai l'impression que</i>) 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - school subjects (revision) - timetable (revision) - time (revision) - facilities - schools in the uk and France - school rules and regulations - healthy eating - school activities - successes at school 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct object pronouns • The present tense: <i>ils</i> and <i>elles</i> • modal verbs • adverbs • The imperfect tense • Giving opinions in different tenses • Opinion phrases (<i>je suis d'avis que</i>) 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Direct object pronouns • The present tense: <i>ils</i> and <i>elles</i> • modal verbs • adverbs • The imperfect tense • Giving opinions in different tenses • Opinion phrases (<i>je suis d'avis que</i>) 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - jobs - ideal job - future plans - earning money - work experience 	Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job nouns • relative pronoun - <i>qui</i> • the conditional tense • the future tense • ideal job • career choices • future plans • applying for a job 	
Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - concerns and passions - environmental problems - protecting the planet - ethical shopping - volunteering - discussing big events 	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • modal verbs in the conditional tense • the passive • indirect object pronouns • opinion phrases (<i>j'ai l'impression que</i>) 	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - school subjects (revision) - timetable (revision) - time (revision) - school facilities - schools in the UK and France - school rules - healthy eating - discussing vices - a school exchange 	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparisons • Present tense: the third person singular • Present tense: the third person plural • modal verbs 	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Present tense: the third person singular • Present tense: the third person plural • modal verbs 	Higher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job nouns • The conditional tense • the superlative 		

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The imperative Adverbs The present and future tenses The pronoun <i>on</i> Opinion phrases (<i>je suis d'avoir que</i>) 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The perfect infinitive The subjunctive Direct object pronouns in the perfect tense Verbs followed by <i>à</i> or <i>de</i> Complex sentences in the future tense (<i>si, quand, lorsque</i>) opinion phrase (<i>je dois avouer que</i>) 		
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Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions Asking Questions Opinions + definite article the passive voice emphatic pronouns Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois 	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme, <i>ceci dit, à part de tout cela, en ce qui concerne</i>) Justified opinions Asking Questions Opinions + definite article Direct object pronouns 3rd person plural verbs modal verbs imperfect tense Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) 	Prior Domains: Foundation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phonics/ Pronunciation Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme, <i>ceci dit, à part de tout cela, en ce qui concerne</i>) Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) Justified opinions Asking Questions Opinions + definite article Masculine and feminine nouns Leaving out the article for jobs Verbs followed by the infinitive Using the perfect and the imperfect tense Using depuis The perfect tense The simple future The conditional tense relative pronouns 	
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<p>prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain)</p> <p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/ Pronunciation • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Justified opinions • Asking Questions • Opinions + definite article • We form of verbs • The superlative • The present subjunctive • modal verbs • the passive voice • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, de temps en temps, rarement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, de temps en temps, rarement) <p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/ Pronunciation • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Justified opinions • Asking Questions • Opinions + definite article • Sequencing phrases • Direct object pronouns • 3rd person plural verbs • modal verbs • imperfect tense • imperatives • the pronoun -on • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, de temps en temps, rarement) • idiomatic language: voler de mes propres ailes - to stand on my own two feet) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) <p>Higher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phonics/ Pronunciation • Connectives (et, mais, aussi, avec, cependant, puis, ensuite, en revanche, par contre, donc, comme) • Intensifiers (très, assez, trop, un peu) • Justified opinions • Asking Questions • Opinions + definite article • If clauses • present and present continuous • Masculine and feminine nouns • Leaving out the article for jobs • Verbs followed by the infinitive • Using the perfect and the imperfect tense • Using depuis • The simple future • The conditional • Direct object pronouns • Verbs followed by à or de • Past tense time marker (hier, la semaine dernière, le week-end dernier, avant-hier, il y a + time) • Present tense time markers (aujourd'hui, d'habitude, généralement en ce moment, maintenant) • Future tense time marker (ce soir, ce week-end, demain, l'année prochaine, le mois prochain, plus tard, bientôt, après demain) • adverbs of frequency (toujours, souvent, quelquefois, de temps en temps, rarement)
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